

CENTRE FOR CANADIAN, US & LATIN AMERICAN STUDIES
SCHOOL OF INTERNATIONAL STUDIES
JAWAHARLAL NEHRU UNIVERSITY
M.PHIL COURSE

Course No.	:	AW 628
Course Title	:	American National Security Policy & Process
Teacher	:	Prof. Chintamani Mahapatra
Credit Allotted	:	3
Semester	:	Monsoon Semester
Instructional Method	:	Lectures and Seminars
Evaluation Method	:	Sessional Work and end Semester Examination
Course Duration	:	One Semester
Contact Hours	:	4 per week

COURSE CONTENT

1. National Security Policy and American Approach

- a. Defining National Security
- b. Objectives of National Security Policy:
- c. Protecting and extending national values;
Relating values to the domestic and international environments
for identifying interests.
- c. Role of international and domestic environments in formulation of national
Security Policy.
- d. Traditional American approaches to National Security.

2. National Security Policy: Actors and Process

- a. Presidential Leadership and Executive Branch in National Security.
- b. The Impact of Congress and National Security Policy.
- c. Intelligence and National Security.
- d. Role of the Military in the National Security Policy Process.
- e. Defence Planning, Budgeting and Management.
- f. The National Security Decision-Making.
- g. Inter-Departmental Appraisals, Threat Perceptions and Action Plans in the
National Security Council Process:
 - i. Identification of the Adversary and his present and potential supporters.
 - ii. NSC Staff Studies based on inputs from Departments and Agencies.
 - ii. Preparation of National Security Action Memoranda which, on approval by the
President, sets forth specific actions to be implemented by specified Agencies.
 - iii. Monitoring of regional conflicts, emerging contingencies potentially hostile
political movements and hostile terrorist element and planning counter measures

3. Dimensions of National Security Policy

- i. Diplomatic Policy
- ii. The organization of the Department of State in respect national security operation purposes.
- iii. Alliance formation.
- iv. Weakening the adversary alliance network.
- v. Dealing with the neutrals and non-aligned to diminish adversary's influence and increase in
US influence.

- vi. Fashioning arms control measures and anti-proliferation policies to preserve US pre-eminence, to avoid problems to "reliable" partners and to create obstacles for those deemed not presently "reliable".

b. Politico-Military Policies

- i. Economic Aid
- ii. Grants, Loans and Credits.
- iii. Embargoes and Sanctions as an instrument of policy.
- iv. Provision or denial of advanced technology.
- v. Arms Transfers.
- vi. Limited Conventional War.
- vii. Scenarios of Limited Nuclear War.
- viii. National Liberation struggles and Revolutionary upsurges.
- ix. Nuclear Strategies.

4. Covert Action and Interventionist Courses

- a. Organization of the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) in respect of national security operational purposes. The role of the Defence intelligence Agency and the intelligence wings of the military services.
- b. Case studies of covert actions in selected cases: Iran, The Congo, Ghana, Indonesia, Cuba, Angola, Chile and Nicaragua.

5. US National Security Policy vis-à-vis India: Selected Episodes

- a. The Kashmir Conflict.
 - b. Arms aid to Pakistan
 - c. Bangladesh War
 - d. Nuclear Issues.
6. National Security Policy continually directed towards influencing the adversary and his allies to seek accommodation on terms likely to be advantages to US Security interests.
 7. Major critics of key issues of US national Security policies over the years and at present, and the response of American public.

RECOMMENDED READING

1. Frank Trager and Philip Kronenberg, eds., National Security and American Society: Theory, Process and Policy (Lawrence, 1973).
2. Klaus Knorr ed., Historical Dimensions of National Security Problems (Lawrence, 1976).
3. Gabriel Almond, The American People and Foreign Policy (New York 1977).
4. Harold Sprout and Margaret Sprout, Foundations of National Power (New York, 1951).
5. Glenn Snyder, Deterrence and Defense: Toward a Theory of National Security (Princeton, 1961).
6. John L. Gaddis, Strategies of Containment (New York, 1982).
7. Samule P. Huntington, Common Defense (New York, 1961).
8. James Schlesinger et al., Defending America (New York, 1977).
9. John Reichart and Steven Sturm, eds., American Defense Policy (Baltimore, 1982).
10. Henry A. Kissinger, American Foreign Policy (New York, 1977).
11. Henry A. Kissinger, The White House Years (Boston, 1978).
12. David Halberstam, The Best and the Brightest (New York, 1972).
13. Hamilton Jordan, Crisis: The Last Years of the Carter Presidency (New York, 1982).
14. Jimmy Carter, Keeping Faith: Memoirs of A President (London, 1982).
15. Richard E. Neustadt, Presidential Power (New York, 1960).

16. Morton H. Halperin, Bureaucratic Politics and Foreign Policy (Washington, D.C. 1974).
17. I.M. Destler, President, Bureaucrats and Foreign Policy (Princeton, 1972).
18. Klaus Knorr, On the Use of Military Power in the Nuclear Age (Princeton, 1966).
19. Henry Bienen, The Military and Modernization (New York, 1970).
20. Barry M. Blechman and Stephen S. Kaplan, The Use of the Armed forces as a Political Instrument, (Washington, D.C. 1976).
21. Samuel P. Huntington, The Soldier and the State, (Cambridge, 1957).
22. Morris Janowitz, The Professional Soldier (New York, 1960).
23. John Charles Daly et al., The Role of the Joint Chiefs of Staff in National Policy (Washington, D.C. 1978).
24. Lawrence J. Korb, The Joint Chiefs of Staff: The First Twenty Five Years (Bloomington, 1976).
25. Tyrus G. Fam, ed., The Intelligence Community (New York, 1977).
26. Thomas M. Franck and Edward Weisband, Foreign Policy by Congress (New York, 1979).
27. Alton Frye, A Responsible Congress: The Politics of National (New York, 1975).
28. John H. Lehman, The Executive, Congress, and Foreign Policy Studies of the Nixon Administration (New York, 1974).
29. Robert E. Osgood, Alliances and American Foreign Policy (Baltimore, 1968).
30. Robert E. Osgood, Limited War: The Challenges to American Strategy (Chicago, 1957).
31. Robert W. Tucker, The Just War: Study in Contemporary American Doctrine (Baltimore, 1979).
32. Warner Schooling, Paul Hammond and Gleen Snyder, Strategy, Politics and the Defense Budget (New York, 1962).
33. Arnold Kanter, Defense politics: A Budgetary Perspective (Chicago, 1975).
34. Ellen P. Stern, ed., The Limits of Military Intervention (London, 1977).
35. J.I. Coffey, Strategic Power and National Security (Pittsburg 1971).
36. Lawrence Freedman, The Evolution of Nuclear Strategy (New York, 1981).
37. Michael Mandelbaum, The Nuclear Question (Cambridge 1979).
38. Joseph A. Yager, ed., Nonproliferation and US Foreign Policy (Washington, Dec. 1980).
39. Sam C. Sarkesian, John Allen Williams, and Stephen J. Cimbala ed., US National Security: Policymakers, Processes & Politics, (Lynne Rienner , 2008).
40. "New U.S. Military Concept Marks Pivot to Sea and Air," *Strategic Comments*, (IISS, London) May 2012
41. Paul Fussell, Wartime: Understanding and Behavior in the Second World War, (Oxford University Press, New York, 1989, pp. 129-143.)
42. Max Abrahms, "The Political Effectiveness of Terrorism Revisited," *Comparative Political Studies*, Winter 2012, pp. 366-393.
43. Mark Cancian, "Contractors: The New Element of Military Structure," *Parameters*, Autumn 2008, pp. 61-77.
44. John Baylis, James J. Wirtz, Colin S. Gray ed. Strategy in Contemporary World, (OUP, 2013.)
45. "Private military contractors Beyond Blackwater: An Industry Reinvents Itself After the Demise of Its Most Controversial Firm" *Economist* (London) 23 November 2013.
46. James Wirtz, "A New Agenda for Security and Strategy?" in Baylis, ch 16
47. Lawrence Freedman, "The Future of Strategic Studies," in Baylis, ch 19
48. Colin Gray, "War---Continuity in Change, and Change in Continuity," (*Parameters*, Summer 2010, pp. 5-13.)
49. Stephen Brooks, "Don't Come Home America," (*International Security*), Winter 2013, pp. 7-51.
50. John Lewis Gaddis, Strategies of Containment, (Oxford University Press), 1982.
51. Peter Hays, Brenda Vallance, and Alan Van Tassel, American Defense Policy, (Baltimore, Johns Hopkins, 1997.)
52. Richard Berts, Enemies of Intelligence: Knowledge and Power in American National Security, (Columbia University Press, 2009.)

53. Michael J. Meese, Suzanne C. Nielsen, Rachel M. Sondheimer ed. American National Security (Johns Hopkins University Press; seventh edition edition, September 3, 2018)
54. James Clay Moltz, The Politics of Space Security: Strategic Restraint and the Pursuit of National Interests, (Stanford University Press, 2011).
55. Ershad Mahmud, Post-Cold War US Kashmir Policy, Policy Perspectives, Vol. 2, No. 1 (April 2005), pp. 83-110.
56. Howard B. Schaffer, The Limits of Influence: America's Role in Kashmir, (Brookings Institution Press, 2009)
57. W. Norman Brown, The United States and India, Pakistan, Bangladesh(Harvard University Press, 1972).
58. Iftekhhar Ahmed Chowdhury, Implications for Bangladesh-US Relations (ISAS Working Paper No. 165 – 15 February 2013, National University of Singapore)
59. Mumtaz Anwar and Katharina Michaelowa, The Political Economy of U.S. Aid to Pakistan, (HWWA Discussion Paper 302, Hamburg Institute of International Economics, 2004)
60. Nancy Birdsall, Wren Elhai, and Molly Kinder, Beyond Bullets and Bombs: Fixing the U.S. Approach to Development in Pakistan, Center for Global Development, June 2011: 18.
61. Ahmed Waqas Waheed, Pakistan's Dependence and US Patronage: The Politics of 'Limited Influence', (Journal of Asian Security and International Affairs, Volume: 4 issue: 1, page(s): 69-94, April 1, 2017)

Additional Readings in respect of documents and articles in periodicals would be suggested as the Course proceeds.